MATH 1700: Assignment 1

DUE: 11:59 PM (CENTRAL TIME = TIME IN WINNIPEG), MONDAY, 6 FEBRUARY 2017

Paper with solutions has to be submitted as \underline{one} PDF file

Question:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Total
Points:	25	10	5	5	5	5	5	10	70
Score:									

(Late assignments will not be accepted)

- 1. Find the limit or explain why it does not exist. You can use any method. If you are using l'Hospital's Rule explain why it applies.
 - (a) (5 points) $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sqrt{5+x} \sqrt{5-x}}{x}$
 - (b) (5 points) $\lim_{x \to \pi/2} \frac{\tan x}{x}$
 - (c) (5 points) $\lim_{x \to -\infty} x e^x$
 - (d) (5 points) $\lim_{y \to \infty} y \sin(1/y)$
 - (e) (5 points) $\lim_{w \to 0} (1+w)^{\cot w}$
- 2. Consider the following parametric curve:

$$x = \sqrt{-t^2 + 2t + 3}, \quad y = \frac{1}{-t^2 + 2t + 3}$$

- (a) (1 point) Eliminate the parameter to find a Cartesian equation of the curve (don't worry about the domain in this part).
- (b) (4 points) Find all values of x for which your Cartesian equation represents this parametric curve (hint: range of x? is y defined for all those x?).
- (c) (5 points) Sketch the parametric curve and indicate with arrows the direction in which the curve is traced as the parameter increases. If the direction changes, indicate the value of the parameter t for which this change occurs.
- 3. (5 points) Assume that y is defined parametrically as a function of x, and find dy/dx (simplify your answer as much as possible):

$$x = \frac{u}{u-1}, \quad y = \frac{u^2}{u^2 - 1}$$

4. (5 points) Find an equation of the tangent line to the curve

$$x = \sqrt{t-1}, \quad y = (t^3+1)^{3/2}$$

at the point (1, 27).

- 5. (5 points) Find the distance between the points with polar coordinates $(1, \pi/4)$ and $(1, \pi)$.
- 6. (5 points) Sketch the region in the plane consisting of points whole polar coordinates satisfy the following equations:

$$1 \le r$$
, $r \sin \theta < 1$, $\pi/4 \le \theta < \pi/2$.

- 7. (5 points) Find an equation of the tangent line to the polar curve $r = 10\cos(2\theta)$ at the point with polar coordinates $(5, \pi/6)$.
- 8. Use the properties of integrals to verify the following inequalities without evaluating the integrals (make sure to explain your reasoning):

(a) (5 points)
$$\int_0^1 (1+x^2)^{1/3} dx \le \int_0^1 (1+x^2)^5 dx$$

(b) (5 points) $\int_{-\pi/3}^{\pi/3} (1+2^{10}\cos^{10}x) dx \ge \frac{4\pi}{3}$